Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine **Dnipro University of Technology**

FACULTY OF GEOLOGICAL PROSPECTING DEPARTMENT OF OIL AND GAS ENGINEERING AND DRILLING

| | "APPROVED" Head of Department Davidenko A. Aduryu "" 2018 |
|--|--|
| WORK PROGRAM OF THE A "Drilling Tamp Field of study Specialty Academic degree | |
| Academic program Type of discipline Total workload Type of final assessment Period of study Language of study | Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology regulatory 4 ECTS credits (120 hours) Exam 8nd semester English |
| Lecture | rs: prof. Sudakov A. |

Dnipro NTU "DP" 2018

for 20 ___/ 20__ academic year _____(Signature, name, date)

Work program of the academic discipline "Drilling tampon mixes" for bachelor's specialty 185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology"/Sudakov A./ NTU "Dnipro Polytechnic" Department of oil and gas engineering and drilling. - DA: NTU «DP» 2018 - 12 p.

Authors:

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The work program regulates:

- key goals and objectives;
- the disciplinary learning outcomes generated through the transformation of the intended learning outcomes of the degree program;
- the content of the discipline formed according to the criterion "disciplinary learning outcomes";
 - the discipline program (thematic plan by different types of classes);
 - distribution of the discipline workload by different types of classes;
- an algorithm for assessing the level of achievement of disciplinary learning outcomes (scales, tools, procedures and evaluation criteria);
- criteria and procedures for evaluating the academic achievements of applicants by discipline;
 - the contents of the educational and methodological support of the discipline;

The work program is designed to implement a competency approach in planning an education process, delivery of the academic discipline, preparing students for control activities, controlling the implementation of educational activities, internal and external quality assurance in higher education, accreditation of degree programs within the specialty.

Approved by the decision of the Methodical Commission of specialty 185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology" (protocol № 6 from 27.06.2018).

Recommended for publication by the editorial board of NTUDP (protocol N_2 ____ from ____.2018).

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1 DISCIPLINE OBJECTIVES

In the educational and professional programs of the Dnipro University of Technology specialty 185 "Oil and gas engineering and technology", the distribution of program learning outcomes (NRN) for the organizational forms of the educational process is done. In particular, the following learning outcomes are attributed to the discipline "Drilling tampon mixes":

| SC 1.3 | Ability to calculate optimal drilling modes for oil and gas wells |
|--------|--|
| | To study the basic types of slurry mixes and their classification according to the |
| | conditions of use during drilling of wells |
| SC 1.4 | Ability to use in practice methods of diagnostics of the level of efficiency of the |
| | equipment for drilling of oil and gas wells |
| SC 1.5 | Ability to ensure the safety of drilling operations in accordance with the operating rules |
| SC 1.6 | Ability to evaluate and restore the quality of the process of construction of oil and gas |
| | wells |

The objective of discipline - forming competencies for drilling mud mixtures.

The implementation of the objective requires transforming program learning outcomes into the disciplinary ones as well as an adequate selection of the contents of the discipline according to this criterion.

2 INTENDED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES

| Code | | Disciplinary learning outcomes (DRN) | | |
|--------|------------------|--|--|--|
| NRN | DRN code content | | | |
| SC 1.3 | SC1.3-F1.13-1 | calculation and analysis of the main technical and economic indices of the slurry mixtures | | |
| | SC1.3-F1.13-2 | the method of development of slurry mixtures according to the conditions of geological section | | |
| | SC1.3-F1.13-3 | requirements of technology of development of cement-based mixtures using basic methods | | |
| SC 1.4 | SC1.4-F1.13 | determine the optimality of the mixes | | |
| SC 1.5 | SC1.5-F1.13 | evaluate the impact of negative factors on the test results; choose the method of liquidation padding | | |
| SC 1.6 | SC1.6-F1.13 | to determine the effectiveness of cement mixtures taking into account the mechanical properties of rocks | | |

3 BASIC DISCIPLINES

| Subjects | The acquired learning outcomes |
|----------------------------------|---|
| F1 Introduction to the specialty | Demonstrate the ability to think abstractly, to perform |
| | analysis in the development of technological and calculation |
| | schemes of elements of technical systems of production, |
| | drilling, transportation and storage of oil and gas. |
| | Demonstrate knowledge of the current state and a deep |
| | understanding of the role of the oil and gas industry, |
| | professional activity in ensuring energy security of Ukraine. |
| | Demonstrate skills in the use of information and |

| Subjects | The acquired learning outcomes |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | communication technologies to solve a specific engineering problem related to the implementation of basic oil and gas technologies for the extraction, drilling, transportation and storage of oil and gas. Explain the general structure, interconnection and functional purpose of individual elements of Ukraine's hydrocarbon energy supply system |
| Φ14 Well Drilling (Oil & Gas) | To demonstrate the ability to develop project elements of technological circuits and technical devices of wells drilling To analyze the operating modes of the components of the drilling object, to make the optimum choice of technological equipment, to optimize the operating mode by a certain criterion Design Technologies of well drilling To carry out normative and technical support of well drilling processes To organize drilling work under conditions of high productivity, safety and minimum costs Control of drilling of wells using modern methods of data analysis and processing |
| F10 Drilling of wells | Perform calculation and analysis of major technical and economic indicators of well drilling To know the method of designing the construction of wells according to the conditions of the geological section Know the requirements of drilling technology using basic methods Determine the optimum design of the drill string Determine effective types of rock destroying tool, taking into account mechanical properties of rocks |

4 WORKLOAD DISTRIBUTION BY THE FORM OF EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF CLASSES

| | ad | Distribution by forms of education, hours | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| Type of Single Single | | Full-time | | Part-time | | Distance | |
| classes | Worklos hours | Classes (C) | Individual work (IW) | Classes (C) | Individual work (IW) | Classes (C) | Individual work (IW) |
| lecture | 80 | 26 | 54 | 14 | 66 | 6 | 74 |
| practical | 40 | 13 | 27 | 6 | 34 | 4 | 36 |
| laboratory | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | ı | - |
| workshops | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOGETHER | 120 | 39 | 81 | 20 | 100 | 10 | 110 |

5 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF CLASSES

| Ciphers DRN | Types and topics of training sessions | The volume of components, hours |
|----------------|---|---------------------------------|
| | LECTURES | 80 |
| SC1.3-F1.13-1 | 1. Foreword. Fundamentals of Physico-Chemistry and Functions | 4 |
| SC1.3-F1.13-2 | of Slurry Mixtures | |
| SC1.3-F1.13-3 | 2. Determination of properties of cementitious mixes and | 8 |
| SC1.4-F1.13 | cementitious stone. | |
| SC1.5-F1.13 | 3. Materials for the manufacture of cement mixes. | 8 |
| SC1.6-F1.13 | 4. Technological parameters of the slurry mixtures | 8 |
| | 5. Binder mixes based on binders. | 8 |
| | 6. Swab solutions on polymeric materials | 8 |
| | 7. Tampon based mixtures based on thermoplastic materials | 8 |
| | 8. Preparation of tampon mixes | 6 |
| | 9. Technologies of application of cement mixes | 6 |
| | 10. Control of quality of performance of tamping works | 8 |
| | 11. Safety and environmental protection when using mix mixtures | 8 |
| | PRACTICAL TRAINING | 40 |
| SC1.3-F1.13 | 1. The study of laboratory equipment for determining the | 10 |
| SC1.4-F1.13 | properties of mortar and stones | |
| SC1.5-F1.13 | 2. Preparation of the slurry solution and measurement of its | 10 |
| SC1.6-F1.13 | properties | |
| | 3. Study of the cement stone. | 10 |
| | 4. Calculations of formulations of cement solutions in their | 10 |
| | preparation | |
| | TOGETHER | 150 |

6 KNOWLEDGE PROGRESS TESTING

Certification of student achievement is accomplished through transparent procedures based on objective criteria in accordance with the University Regulations "On Evaluation of Higher Education Applicants' Learning Outcomes".

The level of competencies achieved in relation to the expectations, identified during the control activities, reflects the real result of the student's study of the discipline.

6.1 GRADING SCALES

Assessment of academic achievement of students of the Dnipro University of Technology is carried out based on a rating (100-point) and institutional grading scales. The latter is necessary (in the official absence of a national scale) to convert (transfer) grades for mobile students.

The scales of assessment of learning outcomes of the NTUDP students

| Rating | Institutional | |
|--------|---------------|--|
| 90 100 | Excellent | |
| 74 89 | Good | |

| 60 73 | Satisfactory |
|-------|--------------|
| 0 59 | Failed |

Discipline credits are scored if the student has a final grade of at least 60 points. A lower grade is considered to be an academic debt that is subject to liquidation in accordance with the Regulations on the Organization of the Educational Process of NTUDP.

6.2 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS AND EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The content of diagnostic tools is aimed at controlling the level of knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy, and responsibility of the student according to the requirements of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) up to the 7th qualification level during the demonstration of the learning outcomes regulated by the work program.

During the control activities, the student should perform tasks focused solely on the demonstration of disciplinary learning outcomes (Section 2).

Diagnostic tools provided to students at the control activities in the form of tasks for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are formed by specifying the initial data and a way of demonstrating disciplinary learning outcomes.

Diagnostic tools (control tasks) for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are approved by the appropriate department.

Type of diagnostic tools and procedures for evaluating the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are given below.

| Diagnostic | e and assessment | procedures |
|------------|------------------|------------|
|------------|------------------|------------|

| INTERMEDIATE CONTROL | | | FINAL ASSESSMENT | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| training sessions | diagnostic tools | procedures | diagnostic tools | procedures | |
| lectures | control tasks for | task during lectures | comprehensive | determining the average | |
| | each topic | | reference work | results of intermediate | |
| practical | control tasks for | tasks during | (CCW) | controls; | |
| | each topic | practical classes | | | |
| | or individual task | tasks during | | CCW performance during | |
| | | independent work | | the examination at the | |
| | | _ | | request of the student | |

During the intermediate control, the lectures are evaluated by determining the quality of the performance of the control specific tasks. Practical classes are assessed by the quality of the control or individual task.

If the content of a particular type of teaching activity is subordinated to several descriptors, then the integral value of the assessment may be determined by the weighting coefficients set by the lecturer.

Provided that the level of results of the intermediate controls of all types of training at least 60 points, the final control can be carried out without the student's immediate participation by determining the weighted average value of the obtained grades.

Regardless of the results of the intermediate control, every student during the final knowledge progress testing has the right to perform the CDF, which contains tasks covering key disciplinary learning outcomes.

The number of specific tasks of the CDF should be consistent with the allotted time for completion. The number of CDF options should ensure that the task is individualized.

The value of the mark for the implementation of the CDF is determined by the average evaluation of the components (specific tasks) and is final.

The integral value of the CDF performance assessment can be determined by taking into account the weighting factors established by the department for each NLC descriptor.

6.3 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The actual student learning outcomes are identified and measured against what is expected during the control activities using criteria that describe the student's actions to demonstrate the achievement of the learning outcomes.

To evaluate the performance of the control tasks during the intermediate control of lectures and practicals the assimilation factor is used as a criterion, which automatically adapts the indicator to the rating scale:

$$O_i = 100 \text{ a} / \text{m},$$

where a - number of correct answers or significant operations performed according to the solution standard; m - the total number of questions or substantial operations of the standard.

Individual tasks and complex control works are expertly evaluated using criteria that characterize the ratio of competency requirements and evaluation indicators to a rating scale.

The content of the criteria is based on the competencies identified by the NLC for the Bachelor's level of higher education (given below).

General criteria for achieving learning outcomes 7th qualification for LDCs (BA)

Integral competence is the ability to solve complex problems and specialized practical problems in a particular area of professional activities or in a learning process that involves the use of certain theories and methods of the relevant scientific areas and characterized by complexity and conditions uncertainty.

| descriptors NLC | Requirements for knowledge, communication, | Indicator | | |
|-----------------|--|------------|--|--|
| | autonomy and responsibility | evaluation | | |
| Knowledge | | | | |

| descriptors NLC | Requirements for knowledge, communication, | Indicator | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|
| | autonomy and responsibility | evaluation | |
| • Conceptual | - A great - proper, reasonable, sensible. Measures the | 95-100 | |
| knowledge acquired during the training and | presence of: - conceptual knowledge; - a high degree of | | |
| professional activities, | state ownership issues; - critical understanding of the main | | |
| including some | theories, principles, methods and concepts in education and careers | | |
| knowledge of modern | A non-gross contains mistakes or errors | 90-94 | |
| achievements; | The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies | 85-89 | |
| • critical | A correct some inaccuracies but has also proved insufficient | 80-84 | |
| understanding of the | The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies, not | 74-79 | |
| main theories, | reasonable and meaningful | 14-13 | |
| principles, methods, | A fragmentary | 70-73 | |
| and concepts in | A student shows a fuzzy idea of the object of study | 65-69 | |
| education and careers | Knowledge minimally satisfactory | 60-64 | |
| | Knowledge unsatisfactory | <60 | |
| | Ability | <00 | |
| • solving complex | · · | 95-100 | |
| problems and | The answer describes the ability to:identify the problem; | 93-100 | |
| unforeseen problems in | - formulate hypotheses; | | |
| specialized areas of | - solve problems; | | |
| professional and/or | - choose adequate methods and tools; | | |
| training, which | - collect and interpret logical and understandable | | |
| involves the collection | information; | | |
| and interpretation of | - use innovative approaches to solving the problem | | |
| information (data), | The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in | 90-94 | |
| choice of methods and | practice with no blunders | 70 7 4 | |
| tools, the use of | The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in | 85-89 | |
| innovative approaches | practice but has some errors in the implementation of a | 03 07 | |
| 11 | requirement | | |
| | The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in | 80-84 | |
| | practice but has some errors in the implementation of the | 00 0. | |
| | two requirements | | |
| | The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in | 74-79 | |
| | practice but has some errors in the implementation of the | | |
| | three requirements | | |
| | The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in | 70-73 | |
| | practice but has some errors in the implementation of the | | |
| | four requirements | | |
| | The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in | 65-69 | |
| | practice while performing tasks on the model | | |
| | A characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in | 60-64 | |
| | performing tasks on the model, but with uncertainties | | |
| | The level of skills is poor | <60 | |
| Communication | | | |
| • report to specialists | - Fluent problematic area. Clarity response (report). | 95-100 | |
| and non-specialists of | Language - correct; | | |
| information, ideas, | net; | | |
| problems, solutions and | clear; | | |
| their experience in the | accurate; | | |
| field of professional | logic; | | |
| | | | |

| descriptors NLC | Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility | Indicator evaluation |
|---|--|----------------------|
| activity; | expressive; | |
| • the ability to form an | concise. | |
| effective | Communication strategy: | |
| communication | coherent and consistent development of thought; | |
| strategy | availability of own logical reasoning; | |
| | relevant arguments and its compliance with the provisions | |
| | defended; | |
| | the correct structure of the response (report); | |
| | correct answers to questions; | |
| | appropriate equipment to answer questions; | |
| | the ability to draw conclusions and formulate proposals | |
| | Adequate ownership industry issues with minor faults. | 90-94 |
| | Sufficient clarity response (report) with minor faults. | |
| | Appropriate communication strategy with minor faults | |
| | Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good | 85-89 |
| | clarity response (report) and relevant communication | |
| | strategy (total three requirements are not implemented) | |
| | Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good | 80-84 |
| | clarity response (report) and relevant communication | 0001 |
| | strategy (a total of four requirements is not implemented) | |
| | Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good | 74-79 |
| | clarity response (report) and relevant communication | 17 17 |
| | strategy (total not implemented the five requirements) | |
| | Satisfactory ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory | 70-73 |
| | clarity response (report) and relevant communication | 70-73 |
| | strategy (a total of seven requirements not implemented) | |
| | Partial ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory clarity | 65-69 |
| | response (report) and communication strategy of faults | 03 07 |
| | (total not implemented nine requirements) | |
| | The fragmented ownership issues of the industry. | 60-64 |
| | Satisfactory clarity response (report) and communication | 00-04 |
| | strategy of faults (total not implemented 10 requirements) | |
| | The level of poor communication | <60 |
| | Autonomy and responsibility | |
| management actions | - Excellent individual ownership management | 95-100 |
| or complex projects, | competencies focused on: | |
| responsible for | 1) management of complex projects, providing: | |
| decision-making in | - exploratory learning activities marked the ability to | |
| unpredictable | independently evaluate various life situations, events, facts, | |
| conditions; | detect and defend a personal position; | |
| responsible for the | - the ability to work in a team; | |
| professional | - control of their own actions; | |
| development of | 2) responsibility for decision-making in unpredictable | |
| individuals and/or | conditions, including: | |
| groups | - justify their decisions the provisions of the regulatory | |
| • the ability to continue | framework of sectoral and national levels; | |
| study with a high | - independence while performing tasks; | |
| degree of autonomy | - lead in discussing problems; | |
| | - responsibility for the relationship; | |
| | 3) responsible for the professional development of | |

| descriptors NLC | Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility | Indicator evaluation |
|-----------------|--|----------------------|
| | individuals and/or groups that includes: | 0 / 41/44/10/11 |
| | - use of vocational-oriented skills; | |
| | - the use of evidence from independent and correct | |
| | reasoning; | |
| | - possession of all kinds of learning activities; | |
| | 4) the ability to further study with a high degree of | |
| | autonomy, which provides: | |
| | - degree possession of fundamental knowledge; | |
| | - independent evaluation judgments; | |
| | - high level of formation of general educational skills; | |
| | - search and analysis of information resources | |
| | Confident personality possession competency management | 90-94 |
| | (not implemented two requirements) | |
| | Good knowledge management competencies personality | 85-89 |
| | (not implemented three requirements) | |
| | Good knowledge management competencies personality | 80-84 |
| | (not implemented the four requirements) | |
| | Good knowledge management competencies personality | 74-79 |
| | (not implemented six requirements) | |
| | Satisfactory ownership of individual competence | 70-73 |
| | management (not implemented seven requirements) | |
| | Satisfactory ownership of individual competence | 65-69 |
| | management (not implemented eight claims) | |
| | The level of autonomy and responsibility fragmented | 60-64 |
| | The level of autonomy and responsibility poor | <60 |

7 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, AND SOFTWARE

Technical training tools via multimedia software. Distance learning platform Moodle.

8 RECOMMENDED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Skalle P. Drilling Fluid Engineering. Bookboon
- 2. ASME Shale Shaker Committee. Drilling Fluids Processing. Handbook. November 2004. 700 p.
- 3. Bridges S. Robinson L. A Practical Handbook for Drilling Fluids Processing. Gulf Professional Publishing. 18th February 2020. 622 p.

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WORK PROGRAM OF THE ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE

" **Drilling tampon mixes**" for bachelors

185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology"

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